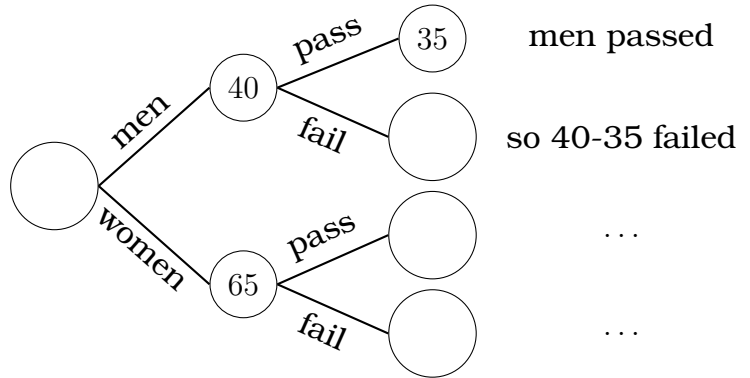


3.5 Lesson 5 Frequency trees and two way tables

A frequency tree or a two-way table can help us to sort information so that we can use how many items are in a particular group or combination of groups.

■ **Exemple 3.3** A group of 40 men and 65 women were asked wheter they have passed their English test. In total 85 people passed their English test including 35 men. Complete the frequency tree and work out the probability that **a person in this group failed their English test.**



solution. $P(\text{a person fail}) = \frac{5 + 15}{105} =$

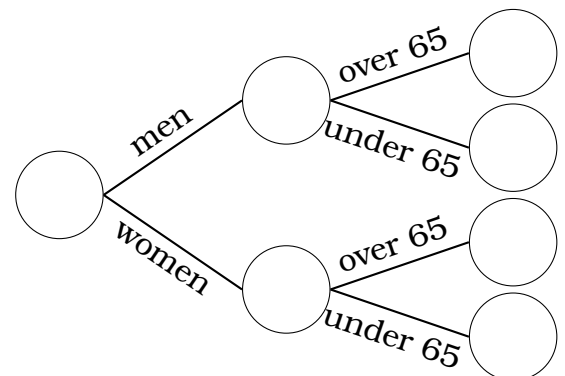
■ **Exemple 3.4** A group of 280 students had to choose whether to study French, German or Spanish. There were 150 girls and 82 girls chose French. 25 students chose German, 15 of whom were boys. Complete the table and work out the **probability that a girl will chose spanish.**

| | Girls | Boys | Total |
|---------|-------|------|-------|
| French | 82 | | |
| German | | 15 | 25 |
| Spanish | | | |
| Total | 150 | | 280 |

solution. $P(\text{chose spanish among girls}) = \frac{58}{150}.$

Exercise 10 Answer the questions. Show your workings

1. The frequency tree shows some information about people who belong to a tennis club.
 There are 108 members of the tennis club, of which 74 are men. Of the men, 45 are over 65.
 There are also 23 women over the age of 65.
 Complete the frequency tree and work out :



- a) the probability that a member of the tennis club is a woman under 65.
- b) the probability that a man at this tennis club is over 65.

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